

Dominican International School



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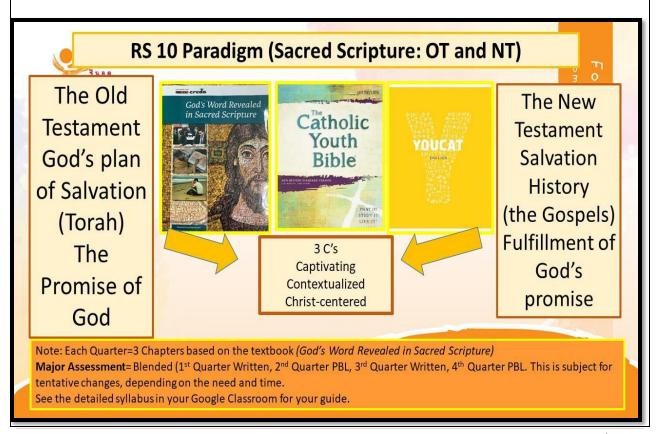
Website: www.dishs.tp.edu.tw

Religious Studies Course Syllabus (Sacred Scripture) S.Y. 2022-2023

GRADE LEVEL	10
SCHOOL YEAR	2022-2023
TEACHER	Mr. John Erick S. Moje, M.A.Ed., LPT
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COURSE DESCRIPTION:

Welcome to the Religious Studies 10 course!



This course will help grade 10 students to focus on what it is that they desire in life and to wonder about what God desires for them. Through exploring God's Word, divine Revelation in Sacred Scriptures and in the teaching of the Church, it is hoped that students will begin to recognize God's purpose for their lives and trust in His love for them.

The Religious Studies course for grade 10 students is anchored on the three Pillars of the Campus Ministry Department namely: "Word" for Doctrine, "Witness" for the valuing and application of the concept learned, and "Worship" for the celebration of faith. The harmony of these three pillars will help to ensure holistic formation of the students. Students will be able to:

WORD: Communicate a clear understanding of God's Word Revealed in Scared Scripture recognizing ones aspiration to find meaning in life and communicating how Catholic teachings help them in their search for true happiness and fulfillment.

WITNESS: Articulate and apply the elements involved in good moral decision-making that are relevant in their lives as seniors; intensify the D'TORCH values along with the core values of Dominicans in response to God's call to live a moral life; develop community service initiatives/projects as a response to God's invitation to serve others (Matthew 25:40)

WORSHIP: establish relationship with God by active participation during a weekly Gospel reflection, classroom-based religious activities and school-wide celebration of the Holy Eucharist; rediscover the very meaning and significance of the Holy Mass as the highest form of worship and central action and aspect of our lives of faith and the primary way Catholics worship God as a community.

RS 10 students will also use CYB or Catholic Youth Bible that is designed to provide students with an array of tools to engage in their study of Scripture, to help them see the relevance of Scripture to their own lives, and to walk with today's young people on their faith journey.

The integration of concepts from the "YOUCAT" will certainly help students deepen their understanding of the given topic for the whole school year. YOUCAT is the Catechism of the Catholic Church for adolescents and young people. The most important elements of the faith are summarized briefly and comprehensibly in a question-and-answer format. The YOUCAT was approved by the Congregation for the Doctrine of the Faith in Rome. With more than 5 million copies sold, it is one of the best-selling Catholic books in the world.

GENERAL COURSE OBJECTIVES AND CONTENTS: At the end of the quarter, students will be able to discover about:

QUARTER	First
CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 1: God's Desire for Us: Our Desire for God
A. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 Human beings are by nature searches and seekers. The human search for meaning is ultimately the search for God. God is the Creator and the source of all life. Human life is the high point of God's Creation. God created human beings out of love to love Man and woman are created equal in dignity
B. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	 Recognize your own restlessness and searching for meaning in your life as part of what is to be human. Have a clear understanding of God as Creator and of human beings as the high point of God's Creation. Value yourself as an image of God, whom he created to share in his life and love. Believe that God loves you. Appreciate how your Catholic faith can help you in your search for true happiness and fulfillment. See your relationship with God as the foundation for making decisions about what is and is not important in your life.

C. WORSHIP: Scripture References	 OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 1-1-2a, 2:7,16, 18-25;Psalm 42 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 18:20, Ephesians 2:10, 1John 4:7-8,10
Faith Glossary	Bible, Creation, Creator. Evil, Faith, Fall (the), Holy Spirit, Holy Trinity, Human Person, Intellect/Reason, Lord's Day, New Covenant, original Sin, Prayer, Sabbath, salvation, Sin, Son of God, Soul

CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 2: God Reaches Out to Us in Many Ways
A. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 The existence of God can be known with certainty from the natural light of human reason. Creation manifests the existence and glory of God. God is transcendent; it is not possible for us to comprehend fully the Mystery of God by the use of our intellect and natural reason. The gift of faith enables us to come to know God and all that he has revealed in a way that the natural light of human reason cannot do. The human person participates in the wisdom and goodness of God and shares in the vey life and love of God. God gives the human person the ability to know and to choose the true and the good.

	 The natural moral law is the foundation of the law that God has revealed.
B. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	 Reaffirm your belief in God and his existence. Be open to seeing the power and wonder of God in the created universe. Develop a deeper confidence in your belief in the existence of God through the use of your own intellect and reason. Recognize the goodness you see in the lives of human beings as manifestations of the goodness of God. Be more aware of the presence of God in your life and how you can respond to his presence.
C. WORSHIP: Scripture References	 OLD TESTAMENT: Deuteronomy 32:11, Psalms 8:3-9,18:2,19:1-4,23:1-3,29:7-8, Wisdom 13:1-3,5 NEW TESTAMENT: Romans 1:20
Faith Glossary	Creation, Divine Revelation, Faith, Human Person, Intellect/Reason, Magisterium, Moral Law, Mystery of God, Sacred Scriptures, Sacred Tradition, Transcendence
CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 3: God's Revelation through the Bible
D. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	The Bible reveals God's will and plan for humankind.

	 The Old Testament prefigures Jesus. Jesus, the Messiah, is the fulfillment of God's promises in the Old Testament. The Psalms are an expression of prayers, hopes, joys, and sorrows of the Israelite people.
E. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	 Understand the importance of the Bible in your life. Recognize God's call in your life at this time and decide how you can respond to it. Indicate where you believe God has been active in your life to date. Consider how you might live the Great Commandment. Experience the Psalms as sources for prayer in your life. Listen more attentively to the Bible readings proclaimed during the Liturgy and read the Bible more frequently on your own.
F. WORSHIP: Scripture References	 OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 12:4,17:4-7, Exodus 3:4-5,7 and 10, Deuteronomy 6:5, Leviticus 19:18, Psalms 17:8-9, 20:4-5, 22:1, 4-5, 25:6-7, 51:1-2, 139:1-2 and 13-14, 144:9 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 5:17- 18,22:34-40, 28:19, Mark 1:14-15, 12:28-31, Luke 4:16-21, 10:25-28, John 13:1 and 34 and 12, 16:22, 20:22-23, Acts of the Apostles 1:8, 2:4, Philippians 2:6-11, 1 Timothy

	4:14, 2 Timothy 1:6-7, Hebrews 1:1-2, 1 John 4:7-13
Faith Glossary	Ascension, Bible, Charity (love), Church, Covenant, Grace, Great Commandment, Hebrews, Jesus, Jesus Christ, Kingdom of God, Law of Love, Messiah, New Commandment, New Covenant, New Testament, Old Testament, People of God, prophets, Resurrection, Word of
	God, propriets, Resurrection, Word of

QUARTER	Second
CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 4: The Bible: The Inspired Word of God
A. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 Sacred Scripture is the inspired written word of God spoken through the words of human beings. The Bible firmly, Faithfully, and without error teaches the truth that God, for the sake of our salvation, wished to see confided to the Scared Scriptures. We must strive to understand the language the human authors used, and be attentive to what they truly wanted to affirm and to what God wanted to reveal by their words. The task of interpreting the Word of God authentically has been entrusted solely to the Magisterium of the Church. Sacred Scriptures and Sacred Tradition make up a single sacred deposit of the Word of God.

	 Jesus Christ is the center and heart of Sacred Scripture and the fulfillment of Revelation.
B. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	 Recognize moments of inspiration in your life. Come to a deeper sense of the Bible as the Word of God. Develop greater confidence in your ability to find meaning in the Bible. Have a deeper respect for the Bible. Strengthen your commitment to read the Bible frequently and regularly with an awareness of its importance for your life.
C. WORSHIP: Scripture References	 OLD TESTAMENT: Psalms 9:1-2, 9-10,18, Isaiah 40:4-5 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 5:5, Luke 4:16-21, 9:48
Faith Glossary	Apostolic Tradition, Bible, Divine Inspiration, Gospels, Holy Spirit, Inerrancy (of the Bible), Inspiration, Literary Genre, Magisterium, Word of God

CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 5: The Bible: God's Living Word for Our Lives
D. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 God's Revelation in Scripture first came to the people of ancient Israel. God's Revelation contained in Sacred Scripture was first passed on by word of mouth, or oral

tradition, before it was written by the inspired sacred human authors. • The Catholic Church accepts seventy-three (73) books, found in the Old and New Testaments, to be the inspired Word of God. God has revealed himself fully by sending his own Son, Jesus Christ. • Jesus Christ, the Son of God made man, is the Father's one, perfect and unsurpassable Word. • The Son is the Father's definitive Word; there will be no further Revelation after him. Jesus entrusted his Revelation and his teachings to the Apostles. E. WITNESS: Discipleship Be more aware of God's presence **Formation** in particular times or events in your life. • Articulate what is the 'good news' for you at this time; Reflect on the importance of words in life, leading toward an understanding of the Bible as the living Word of God. Recognize what the life and teachings of Jesus, the Incarnate word of God, say to you for your life right now. • Value more deeply the spiritual wisdom that God offers you in the Bible. Select passage of Scripture as a motto for your life.

F. WORSHIP: Scripture	• OLD TESTAMENT: Conosis1:2
•	OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis1:3,
References	Leviticus 26:12, Isaiah 55:10-11,
	Jeremiah 1:4,17
	 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew
	1:23,28:19, Mark 1:15, 5:41, 14:36,
	15:34, Luke 1:1-4, 10:29-37, 12:27-
	28, John 1:1 and 14, and 4: 14,
	6:33, 48, 67, Acts of the Apostles
	8:4-25, 1Corinthians 10:31, 11:23-
	26, 13:4-7, Hebrews 1:1-2
Faith Glossary	Apocrypha, Apostles, Apostolic
	Tradition, Canon of Scripture,
	Evangelists, Gnostics/Gnosticism, New
	Testament, Old Testament, Oral
	Tradition, Prophets, sacred Scripture,
	Sacred Tradition, Septuagint, Word of
	God

CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 6: The Bible: The Blueprint for Living
G. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 God is the author of Sacred Scripture because he inspired its human authors. The Christian faith is not a 'religion of the book'. Christianity of the religion of the 'Word' of God. The Church has always venerated the divine Scriptures as she has venerated the Body of the Lord. The Church has always regarded Sacred Scripture, taken together with Sacred Tradition, as the supreme rule of her faith. The Catholic Church's celebration of the Liturgy and the Sacraments

	 always includes the proclamation of the Word of God. The church has its own calendar year, known as the liturgical year. The Lord's Prayer is the summary of the whole Gospel.
H. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	 Value the Bible as a source for living your life. Give reading the Bible a central place in your life. Be more conscious of how you use words and realize how your words and realize how your words can affect others. Be able to identify times when you have heard a 'Word of God' for you from the Bible. Make a greater effort to hear the Word of God in the readings at Mass. Value the 'Our Father' more deeply. Be open to receiving wisdom for your life from the Bible.
I. WORSHIP: Scripture References	 OLD TESTAMENT: Psalms 23:1-2, 27:1, 77:1, 138:3, Isaiah 61:1 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 6:9-13, Luke 24:45, Acts of the Apostles 2:42, Hebrews 4:12
Faith Glossary	Lectio Divina, Lectionary, Liturgical Year, Liturgy, Liturgy of the Hours, Liturgy of the Word, Lord's Prayer, Magisterium, Mass, Prayer, Psalms

QUARTER	Third
CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 7: The Bible is the Book of the Church
A. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 Scripture must be read and interpreted, keeping its divine authorship in mind, because Scripture is, first and foremost, the inspired Word of God. Read and interpret Sacred Scripture within the Tradition and teaching of the Church. Give attention both to what the human authors intended to say and to what God reveals to us by their words. Read an interpret Sacred Scripture in the light of the same Holy Spirit by whom it was written. There is unity of content and teaching within the Bible; that unity is founded in the unity of God's plan, of which Jesus Christ is the center and heart. The task of giving authentic interpretation to the Word of God, whether in its written form or in the form of Tradition, has been entrusted to the living teaching office of the Church, the Magisterium.
B. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	Have a greater awareness of how you interpret and, at times, misinterpret, information and situations, and how this tendency

	 can affect your interpretation of the Scared Scripture. Realize that you need the guidance of the Church to interpret what the Bible means for your life. Value the role of Sacred Tradition and of the Magisterium in helping you to interpret the Bible for your life. Understand the meaning of the Parable of the Good Samaritan for your life. Be more likely to value the Bible as a primary source of wisdom for living your life.
C. WORSHIP: Scripture References	 OLD TESTAMENT: Psalms 119:105 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 5-7, 10:7-10, 16:16-19, Luke 10:25-37, 15:11-32
Faith Glossary	Apostles, Church, Deposit of faith, Doctrine/Dogma, Magisterium, Pentecost, Petrine Ministry (Office), Tradition

CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 8: Interpreting the Word of God in the Bible
D. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 All truth comes from God, who is Truth.
	 One truth cannot contradict another truth. There is no conflict between religious truths and scientific historical truth.
	 The Church teaches us how to relate truths of faith to science.

	 Truth is presented and expressed in the Bible through various forms of writing, or literary genres. Research by biblical scholars and the discoveries of biblical archaeology support our understanding of the Biblical texts. There is a spiritual meaning to the Scriptures as well as a literal meaning.
E. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	 Grow in confidence in your ability to read the Bible. Appreciate that the Bible contains wisdom for your life. Come to a deeper appreciation of the layers of meaning in the biblical texts. Come to a fuller understanding of how Catholics should approach reading the Bible. Reflect on your life in the light of the parable of the Sower. Select a biblical passage that has special significance in your life and consider how your life would change if you were to live its message.
F. WORSHIP: Scripture References	• OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 1:1- 2:25, Exodus 1, 3:1-12, 4:19, 20:1- 6, Joshua 10:12-14, 1 Kings 3:17- 27, Psalms23:1-37:30, 145:8-9, 13- 16, Proverbs 10:12, 22:24 and 25, 26:20, 27:19 and 18, 29:11, Song of songs, 5:10-16, Wisdom 13:1-19, Isaiah 11:1-3, 6-9

Faith Glossary	Luke 4:4, 6:49, 8:5-15, 11:28, John 1:14, 3:16, 1Corinthians 1:18-25, Ephesians 3:18-19 Compassion, Exegesis, Exodus (the), Fundamentalism, Literary genre, Oral
	Tradition, Parable, People of God, proverb, Senses of Scripture, Wisdom

CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 9: The Old and New Testaments: God's Faithfulness over Time
G. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 The Old Testament is the inspired word of God, which passes on God's fidelity to and dealings with humankind and, in particular, with his Chosen people, who lived prior to the coming of Jesus Christ, who is the fullness of Revelation. The Old Testament focuses on the covenant God made with the Jewish people, which is called the 'Old Covenant' to distinguish is from the New Covenant made by Jesus Christ. Catholics rely on the Greek version of the Old Testament for their Bible, while Protestants tend to rely on Hebrew version. The New Testament is the name given to those twenty-seven books that compose the second part of the Bible and that focus on the life

	 and teachings of Jesus Christ and some writings of the early Church. The heart of the four accounts of the Gospel and the other New Testament writings, and of the preaching of the Apostles, is the historical events of the suffering, Death, Resurrection and Ascension of Jesus Christ.
H. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	 Reflect on your experience of faithfulness and of being faithful. Be more aware of God's faithfulness in your life. Allow your growing knowledge of who Jesus is to enhance your personal relationship with him. Be aware of the implications of God's promises in Scripture for the world today. Reflect on how God's promise have been fulfilled in your life.
I. WORSHIP: Scripture References	 OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 8, 9:1-17, 12:1-5 and 7,17:5,7 and 21, 22:17 and, Exodus 3:12 and 15, 6:6-7, 13:14, 2 Samuel 7:12-14, Psalms 17:8, 23:4, Isaiah 2:4, 11:1-2, 29:18-19, 35:5-6, 61:1-3, Ezekiel 11:14-21, 37:1-6 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 1:23,3:13-17, 10:21-22, 112-19, 16:16, 18:20, 28:16-20, Luke 1:1-4, 7:18-22, 22:20, 24:21, 25-27, and 44, John 1:14:18, 17:2-27, 21:24-

	25, Acts of the Apostles 1:8, 6:13- 15, 7:60, 11:26, Hebrews 1:1-2
Faith Glossary	Bible, Covenant (The), Exile (The), Faithfulness/Fidelity (divine), Fourth Gospel, Hope, Kingdom of God, Messiah, old Testament, New Testament

QUARTER	Fourth
CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 10: The Gospel is Good News
J. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 The Gospels occupy the central place in Scripture. The Gospels proclaim the Good News of Jesus Christ, the Incarnate Word of God and the definitive Revelation of God. Central to the understanding of all four written accounts of the Gospel is Jesus Christ, the incarnate Son of God, and his teachings and redeeming work. There were at least three stages in the formation of the Gospels: the life and teaching of Jesus, the oral tradition, and the written Gospels. The four Evangelists selected certain of the many elements that had been handed on by the Apostles and others, either orally or in written form, and under the guidance of the Holy Spirit, explained them in such a fashion that they tell us the truth about Jesus. The Gospels lead us to

K. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	 accept Jesus Christ in faith and to apply his teachings to our lives. Understand and articulate how the Gospel is Good News for you. Consider the significance of Jesus for your life and how that influences your choices, now and
	 influences your choices, now and for the future. Come to see more clearly why the 'life, Death, and Resurrection and Ascension' of Jesus is often called 'the greatest story ever told'. Respond to the presence of the risen Jesus in your life. Choose a Gospel quotation as a motto for your life and make a commitment to live according to this motto.
L. WORSHIP: Scripture References	 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew, Mark, Luke, John, Acts of the Apostles, Ephesians, 1 Corinthians Philippians, Timothy
Faith Glossary	Evangelists, Gentiles, Gospels, Kingdom of God, Messiah, Miracles, Oral Tradition, paganism, parable, Passion Narrative, Polytheism, Public Ministry of Jesus, Sermon on the Mount, Synoptic Gospels, Typology, YHWH

CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 11: Jesus and His Message in the Gospels According to Matthew, Mark, and Luke
M. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 The Blessed Virgin Mary is truly the Mother of God, the Mother of

Jesus, and the Incarnate Son of God. Joseph accepted and fulfilled the role of adoptive father of Christ. • The Baptism of Jesus was his manifestation as the Messiah of Israel and the Son of God and of the redemptive work that he would accomplish by his Passion, Death, and Resurrection. • The temptation of Jesus in the desert shows Jesus triumphing over Satan by his total adherence to the plan of Salvation willed by the Father. • The Beatitudes, which are the heart of Jesus' Preaching, shed *light on the actions and attitudes* characteristics of the Christian life. The Kingdom of God was inaugurated on earth by Christ and will come in it fullness at his Second Coming at the end of time, when he returns in glory. N. WITNESS: Discipleship Consider how you can resist **Formation** temptations in your own life, in light of what you have learned from the Gospel accounts of the temptation of Jesus. Compare the values of the Beatitudes with your own attitudes and actions, and realize how the Beatitudes challenge you to live and work to build the Kingdom of God.

	 Reflect on what you have learned for your own life from the parables and miracles stories you have read. Appreciate more fully the meaning of 'Our Father'. Decide how you will bring God's mercy, love and compassion into people's lives today. 		
O. WORSHIP: Scripture	OLD TESTAMENT: Exodus, Isaiah		
References	NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew, Mark, New John Asta of the Assatlant		
	Luke, John, Acts of the Apostles, Romans, Galatians, Titus, Hebrews,		
	James		
Feith Classery			
Faith Glossary	Baptism, Baptism of Jesus, Beatitudes, Infancy Narratives, Kingdom of God,		
	Miracles, Parable, Satan, Second Coming		
	(of Christ), Sermon on the Mount,		
	temptation, Works of Mercy, Worship		

CHAPTER TITLE/S	Chapter 12: The Gospel According to John: Jesus Is God's Word to the World	
P. WORD: Doctrinal Focus	 In human life, signs and symbols occupy an important place. As a being at once body and spirit, man expresses and perceives spiritual realities through physical signs and symbols. Jesus Christ is the Incarnate Son of God. He is truly God and truly man. Jesus is the living Revelation of God and the means by which god;s love can bring all people to eternal life. 	

	 The treatment of Christ's dialogues and personal testimony in John's Gospel is more 'mystical' than the Synoptics. The seven "I AM" statements of Jesus reveal the identity of Jesus and his mission. John treats Jesus' miracles as signs of his divinity and glory. The miracle stories in John's Gospel reveal the saving presence of God active in the world and anticipate Jesus' great victory over Satan. Eternal Life is God's gift to all who believe in Jesus. The Paschal Mystery of jesus is the Source of that life.
Q. WITNESS: Discipleship Formation	 Identify and appreciate the power of symbols to uncover the deeper meaning of reality. Reflect on your own belief in Jesus, the Incarnate Son of God the Messiah, and how that faith impacts your life. Appreciate how humanity of Jesus, who is true God and true man, fully divine and fully human, can help you in your efforts to live as a disciple of Jesus. Recognize people in your family and neighborhood who make significant sacrifices for others.
R. WORSHIP: Scripture References	OLD TESTAMENT: Exodus, Leviticus

	NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew, mark, Luke, John,	
Faith Glossary	Advocate, Eternal Life, Hypostatic Union, 'I Am' Statements, Incarnation, last Supper Discourse, Messiah, Miracles, Paschal Mystery, passion, Passover, Resurrection, Salvation, Symbols/Symbolic Language, Word of God.	

LITURGICAL FEASTS AND DIFFERENT SEASONS OF THE CHURCH

- ✓ Advent
- √ Christmas
- ✓ Lent
- ✓ Holy Week
- ✓ Easter
- ✓ Ordinary Time
- ✓ Dominican Feasts: Memorials and Solemnities
- √ Feasts in Honor of Mother Mary

DOMINICAN PILLARS AND CORE VALUES

- √ Study= Truth
- ✓ Prayer=Joy
- ✓ Community=Justice
- √ Service/Preaching= Compassion

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PARAGONS OF VALUES: DOMINICAN SAINTS AND BLESSED

Months	Feasts/Memorials of Dominican Saints
August	02- Bl. Jane of Aza
	08- St. Dominic de Guzman 14- St. Dominic Ibañez
	17- St. Hyacinth of Poland
	18- Bl. Mannes de Guzman

23- Rose of Lima

September	18- St. John Macias
	20- St. Francis Posadas
	28- St. Lawrence Ruiz
October	09- St. Louis Bertrand
November	03- St. Martin de Porres
	15- St. Albert the Great
	22- Bl. Cecilia
December	01- Bl. John Vercelli
	The Holy Family
January	07- St. Raymond of Peñafort
	18- St. Margaret of Hungary
February	13- Bl. Jordan of Saxony
March	07- St. Thomas Aquinas
April	05- St. Vincent Ferrer
	06/29- St. Peter of Verona
	20- St. Agnes of Montepulciano
	29/30- St. Catherine of Siena
	30- St. Pius V
May	10- St. Anthony of Florence
	12- Bl. Imelda Lambertini
	20- Bl. Columba of Reiti
Others	June 09- Bl. Diana
	July 17- Bl. Ceslaus

School wide Learning Outcomes (SLO's): D'TORCH Values: Dominicans are Truthful, Organized, Reflective, Courageous, and Helpful

GRADING SYSTEM:

50 % Academic

	TOTAL	100 %
•	Section D: Deportment	50%
•	Section C. Major Quarterly Exam	16.67%
•	Section B: Quizzes	16.67%
•	Section A: Homework, Seatwork, Projects	.16.66%

50 % Deportment (Behavior)

	TOTAL	95 points
•	Helpful	19 points
•	Courageous	19 points
•	Reflective	19 points
•	Organized	19 points
•	Truthful	19 points

Note: The highest possible grade students can get every quarter in Deportment is 95 points in conformity with the current grading system.

PRIMARY TEXTBOOKS AND OTHER RESOURCES (PRINTED AND ONLINE)

- God's Word Revealed in Sacred Scriptures, CREDO Series Michael de Barra, BD, MA Thomas F. McCann, Med, PhD
- 2. The Catholic Youth Bible, Saint Mary's Press, Copyright @ 2018
- 3. YOUCAT

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- The Google Classroom code will be given to all students to access Religious Studies' learning guide and tasks.
- There will be NO Homework to be given during the weekend except during major exams or quizzes. It is to give students a chance to spend quality time with their family.
- The Project D (Detention) and Project I will affect the Deportment Grade of students.

Plagiarism is a serious offense and a form of theft. In certain cases, it is also a criminal offense. It is defined as taking words, phrasing, sentence structure, or any other element of the expression of another person's ideas, and using them as if they were your own. Plagiarism is a violation of another person's rights, whether the material stolen is great or small – it is not a matter of degree or intent. Plagiarism has serious consequences. ANY act of plagiarism will result in an automatic ZERO on the entire assignment or learning task.

First QUARTER - COURSE CONTENT

Week / Date	Topic /Learning Tasks/ Assessments	
Week 1 Aug. 10-12	Welcome back to school Dominicans! August 10: First Day of School/Orientation Day - Giving of Expectations - School Rules and Reminders	
Week 2 Aug. 15-19 17-Saint Hyacinth of Poland 18- Blessed Mannes 21- St. Pius X, Pope 22-The Queenship of the Blessed Virgin Mary	 August 15: Holy Mass: Feast of the Assumption Religious Studies Orientation/ Introduction 1. Overview of the Subject (What is RS? Course contents for the whole quarter and subject's requirements) 2. Grading system 3. Rules and Regulations/ Online Learning Guidelines/ Class Agreement (Based on the D'TORCH Values) 4. Review: DIST Vision-Mission and Philosophy 5. D'TORCH values and Dominican Ethos 6. Basic Prayers 7. Students' Profile 	
Week 3 Aug. 22-26 23- Saint Rose of Lima 24- St. Bartholomew, apostle 27- St. Monica	 1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 1: God's Desire for Us: Our Desire for God. 2.WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative): Appreciate how your Catholic faith can help you in your search for true happiness and fulfillment. 	

28- St. Augustine	 See your relationship with God as the foundation for making decisions about what is and is not important in your life.
	 3.WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith): OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 1-1-2a, 2:7,16, 18-25;Psalm 42 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 18:20, Ephesians 2:10, 1John 4:7-8,10
	22-Beginning of Morning Assembly
Week 4 Aug. 29 to Sept 2 03-St. Gregory the Great, Pope and Doctor 05-Anniversary of deceased Dominican friends and benefactors	 WORD (Doctrine/Informative): Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) Chapter 1: God's Desire for Us: Our Desire for God. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative): Appreciate how your Catholic faith can help you in your search for true happiness and fulfillment. See your relationship with God as the foundation for making decisions about what is and is not important in your life. 3.WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith): OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 1-1-2a, 2:7,16, 18-25;Psalm 42 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 18:20, Ephesians 2:10, 1John 4:7-8,10 22-Beginning of Morning Assembly
Week 5 Sept. 5 to 9	1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative):a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection)b. Chapter 2: God Reaches Out to Us in many
08-Holy Mass: The Nativity of the Blessed Virgin Mary	 Ways 2.WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative): Reaffirm your belief in God and his existence. Be open to seeing the power and wonder of God in the created universe.

10-Blessed Alphonsus Navarrete and Companions 11- St. Ambrose, Edward Barlow

- Develop a deeper confidence in your belief in the existence of God through the use of your own intellect and reason.
- Recognize the goodness you see in the lives of human beings as manifestations of the goodness of God.
- Be more aware of the presence of God in your life and how you can respond to his presence.

3.WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

- OLD TESTAMENT: Deuteronomy 32:11, Psalms 8:3-9,18:2,19:1-4,23:1-3,29:7-8, Wisdom 13:1-3,5
- NEW TESTAMENT: Romans 1:20
- Deepening Reflection about the Holy Mass (Nativity of the Blessed Virgin Mary)

5- Peace Ceremony

8- Holy Mass: Nativity of the Blessed Virgin Mary

Week 6 Sept. 12 to 16

14-The Exaltation of the Holy Cross 15-Our Lady of Sorrows 16-St. Cornelius, Pope and St. Cyprian, bishop, martyrs 18- Saint Juan Macias

1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative):

- a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection)
- b. Chapter 2: God Reaches Out to Us in many Ways

2.WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative):

- Reaffirm your belief in God and his existence.
- Be open to seeing the power and wonder of God in the created universe.
- Develop a deeper confidence in your belief in the existence of God through the use of your own intellect and reason.
- Recognize the goodness you see in the lives of human beings as manifestations of the goodness of God.

Be more aware of the presence of God in your life and how you can respond to his presence.
3.WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):
 - OLD TESTAMENT: Deuteronomy 32:11, Psalms
8:3-9,18:2,19:1-4,23:1-3,29:7-8, Wisdom 13:1-

3,5

- NEW TESTAMENT: Romans 1:20
- Deepening Reflection about the Holy Mass (Nativity of the Blessed Virgin Mary)

1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative):

- a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection)
- b. Chapter 3: God's Revelation through the Holy Bible
 - The Bible reveals God's will and plan for humankind.
 - The Old Testament prefigures Jesus.
 - Jesus, the Messiah, is the fulfillment of God's promises in the Old Testament.
 - The Psalms are an expression of prayers, hopes, joys, and sorrows of the Israelite people.

Week 7 Sept. 19 to 25

21- St. Matthew, apostle and evangelist 23- St. Pius of Pietrelcina, priest

2. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative):

- Recognize God's call in your life at this time and decide how you can respond to it.
- Indicate where you believe God has been active in your life to date.
- Consider how you might live the Great Commandment.
- Experience the Psalms as sources for prayer in your life.
- Listen more attentively to the Bible readings proclaimed during the Liturgy and read the Bible more frequently on your own.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

- OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 12:4,17:4-7, Exodus 3:4-5,7 and 10, Deuteronomy 6:5, Leviticus 19:18, Psalms 17:8-9, 20:4-5, 22:1, 4-5, 25:6-7, 51:1-2, 139:1-2 and 13-14, 144:9
- NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 5:17-18,22:34-40, 28:19, Mark 1:14-15, 12:28-31, Luke 4:16-21, 10:25-28, John 13:1 and 34 and 12, 16:22, 20:22-23, Acts of the Apostles 1:8, 2:4, Philippians 2:6-11, 1 Timothy 4:14, 2 Timothy 1:6-7, Hebrews 1:1-2, 1 John 4:7-13

Week 8 Sept. 26-30

28-Saint Dominic Ibanez,
Friar and Priest,
Saint James Kyushei
Tomonaga, Friar and
Priest,
Saint Lawrence Ruiz,
Layman
And Companions,
Members of the Dominican
Family, Martyrs of
Nagasaki, Japan
29-Sts. Michael, Gabriel,
and Raphael, archangels
30-St. Jerome, priest and
doctor

1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative):

- a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection)
- b. Chapter 3: God's Revelation through the Holy Bible
 - The Bible reveals God's will and plan for humankind.
 - The Old Testament prefigures Jesus.
 - Jesus, the Messiah, is the fulfillment of God's promises in the Old Testament.
 - The Psalms are an expression of prayers, hopes, joys, and sorrows of the Israelite people.

2. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative):

- Recognize God's call in your life at this time and decide how you can respond to it.
- Indicate where you believe God has been active in your life to date.
- Consider how you might live the Great Commandment.
- Experience the Psalms as sources for prayer in your life.
- Listen more attentively to the Bible readings proclaimed during the Liturgy and read the Bible more frequently on your own.

3. WORSHIP	(Prayers and	Celebration	of Faith):
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- OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 12:4,17:4-7, Exodus 3:4-5,7 and 10, Deuteronomy 6:5, Leviticus 19:18, Psalms 17:8-9, 20:4-5, 22:1, 4-5, 25:6-7, 51:1-2, 139:1-2 and 13-14, 144:9
- NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 5:17-18,22:34-40, 28:19, Mark 1:14-15, 12:28-31, Luke 4:16-21, 10:25-28, John 13:1 and 34 and 12, 16:22, 20:22-23, Acts of the Apostles 1:8, 2:4, Philippians 2:6-11, 1 Timothy 4:14, 2 Timothy 1:6-7, Hebrews 1:1-2, 1 John 4:7-13

UNIT REVIEW
Preparation for the 1st Quarter Exam

Week 9 Oct. 3-7

04-Our Holy Father Francis of Assisi 05-Blessed Raymond of Capua

Oct 03- Launching of the Month of the Most Holy Rosary during the usual Monday Morning Assembly

06-Blessed Bartolo Longo 07-Our Lady of the Rosary 6-7 First Quarter Exam Record Day 10- Double Ten

Second QUARTER -COURSE CONTENT

Week / Date	Topic /Learning Tasks/ Assessments
	 WORD (Doctrine/Informative): Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) Chapter 4: The Bible: The Inspired Word of God Sacred Scripture is the inspired written word of God spoken through the words of human beings. The Bible firmly, Faithfully, and without error teaches the truth that God, for the sake of our salvation, wished to see confided to the Scared Scriptures. We must strive to understand the language the human authors used, and be attentive to
Week 1 (10) Oct.11-14 10- Double 10 Holiday 12-Our Lady of Pillar 13-St. Theophilus 15-St. Teresa of Jesus, virgin and doctor 09-Saint Luis Bertran	 what they truly wanted to affirm and to what God wanted to reveal by their words. The task of interpreting the Word of God authentically has been entrusted solely to the Magisterium of the Church. Sacred Scriptures and Sacred Tradition make up a single sacred deposit of the Word of God.
	 2. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative): Recognize moments of inspiration in your life. Come to a deeper sense of the Bible as the Word of God. Develop greater confidence in your ability to find meaning in the Bible. Have a deeper respect for the Bible. Strengthen your commitment to read the Bible frequently and regularly with an awareness of its importance for your life.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith): OLD TESTAMENT: Psalms 9:1-2, 9-10,18, Isaiah 40:4-5 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 5:5, Luke 4:16-21, 9:48 1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 4: The Bible: The Inspired Word of God Sacred Scripture is the inspired written word of God spoken through the words of human beings. The Bible firmly, Faithfully, and without error teaches the truth that God, for the sake of our salvation, wished to see confided to the Scared Scriptures. • We must strive to understand the language Week 2 (11) the human authors used, and be attentive to Oct. 17- to 21 what they truly wanted to affirm and to what 22-Anniversary of the God wanted to reveal by their words. Dedication of the Church The task of interpreting the Word of God 22-St. John Paul II, Pope authentically has been entrusted solely to the Magisterium of the Church. Sacred Scriptures and Sacred Tradition make up a single sacred deposit of the Word of God. 2. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative): • Recognize moments of inspiration in your life. Come to a deeper sense of the Bible as the Word of God. Develop greater confidence in your ability to find meaning in the Bible.

Have a deeper respect for the Bible.

	Strengthen your commitment to read the Bible frequently and regularly with an awareness of its importance for your life.
	3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):
	 OLD TESTAMENT: Psalms 9:1-2, 9-10,18, Isaiah 40:4-5
	• NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 5:5, Luke 4:16-21, 9:48
	Catholic Integration Day
	1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 5: The Bible: The Living Word for Our
	• God's Revelation in Scripture first came to the people of ancient Israel. • God's Revelation contained in Spared Scripture.
	 God's Revelation contained in Sacred Scripture was first passed on by word of mouth, or oral tradition, before it was written by the inspired sacred human authors.
Week 3 (12) Oct. 24- 28	 The Catholic Church accepts seventy-three (73) books, found in the Old and New Testaments,
28- Sts. Simon and Jude, apostles	 to be the inspired Word of God. God has revealed himself fully by sending his own Son, Jesus Christ.
	 Jesus Christ, the Son of God made man, is the Father's one, perfect and unsurpassable Word. The Son is the Father's definitive Word; there will be no further Revelation after him. Jesus entrusted his Revelation and his teachings to the Apostles.
	2. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative):
	 Be more aware of God's presence in particular times or events in your life.

- Articulate what is the 'good news' for you at this time;
- Reflect on the importance of words in life, leading toward an understanding of the Bible as the living Word of God.
- Recognize what the life and teachings of Jesus, the Incarnate word of God, say to you for your life right now.
- Value more deeply the spiritual wisdom that God offers you in the Bible.
- Select passage of Scripture as a motto for your life.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

- OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis1:3, Leviticus 26:12, Isaiah 55:10-11, Jeremiah 1:4,17
- NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 1:23,28:19, Mark 1:15, 5:41, 14:36, 15:34, Luke 1:1-4, 10:29-37, 12:27-28, John 1:1 and 14, and 4: 14, 6:33, 48, 67, Acts of the Apostles 8:4-25, 1Corinthians 10:31, 11:23-26, 13:4-7, Hebrews 1:1-2

28- Masquerade Night

Week 4 (13) Oct. 31 to Nov. 4

01- Solemnity of All Saints 02-The Commemoration of All the Faithful Departed (All Soul's Day)

03-Saint Martin de Porres 06-Blessed Bonaventura Gracia Paredes, Friar, Priest and Master of the Order Blessed Josefina Sauleda Paulis, Virgin and Nun Blessed Ramona Fossas Roman, Virgin and Sister

1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative):

- a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection)
- b. Chapter 5: The Bible: The Living Word for Our Lives
 - God's Revelation in Scripture first came to the people of ancient Israel.
 - God's Revelation contained in Sacred Scripture was first passed on by word of mouth, or oral tradition, before it was written by the inspired sacred human authors.
 - The Catholic Church accepts seventy-three (73) books, found in the Old and New Testaments, to be the inspired Word of God.

Blessed Antero Mateo, Married Man and Lay Dominican And Companions, Members of the Dominican Familymartyrs of the Spanish Persecutions of the XX Century

- God has revealed himself fully by sending his own Son, Jesus Christ.
- Jesus Christ, the Son of God made man, is the Father's one, perfect and unsurpassable Word.
- The Son is the Father's definitive Word; there will be no further Revelation after him.
- Jesus entrusted his Revelation and his teachings to the Apostles.

2. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative):

- Be more aware of God's presence in particular times or events in your life.
- Articulate what is the 'good news' for you at this time;
- Reflect on the importance of words in life, leading toward an understanding of the Bible as the living Word of God.
- Recognize what the life and teachings of Jesus, the Incarnate word of God, say to you for your life right now.
- Value more deeply the spiritual wisdom that God offers you in the Bible.
- Select passage of Scripture as a motto for your life.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

- OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis1:3, Leviticus 26:12, Isaiah 55:10-11, Jeremiah 1:4,17
- NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 1:23,28:19, Mark 1:15, 5:41, 14:36, 15:34, Luke 1:1-4, 10:29-37, 12:27-28, John 1:1 and 14, and 4: 14, 6:33, 48, 67, Acts of the Apostles 8:4-25, 1Corinthians 10:31, 11:23-26, 13:4-7, Hebrews 1:1-2

Nov.1, All Saint's Day Nov.2, Feast Day of St. Martin

	Dominican Laity Investiture
Week 5 (14) Nov. 7- 11 07- All Saints of the Order of Preachers 09- The Dedication of the Lateran Basilica 10-St. Leo the Great, pope and doctor 11- St. Martin of Tours, Bishop 13- St. Frances Xavier	 1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 5: The Bible: God's Living Word for Our Lives God's Revelation in Scripture first came to the people of ancient Israel. God's Revelation contained in Sacred Scripture was first passed on by word of mouth, or oral tradition, before it was written by the inspired sacred human authors. The Catholic Church accepts seventy-three (73) books, found in the Old and New Testaments, to be the inspired Word of God. God has revealed himself fully by sending his own Son, Jesus Christ. Jesus Christ, the Son of God made man, is the Father's one, perfect and unsurpassable Word. The Son is the Father's definitive Word; there will be no further Revelation after him. Jesus entrusted his Revelation and his teachings to the Apostles.
Cabrini	 2. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative): Be more aware of God's presence in particular times or events in your life. Articulate what is the 'good news' for you at this time; Reflect on the importance of words in life, leading toward an understanding of the Bible as the living Word of God. Recognize what the life and teachings of Jesus, the incarnate word of God, say to you for your life right now.

- Value more deeply the spiritual wisdom that God offers you in the Bible.
- Select passage of Scripture as a motto for your life.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

- OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis1:3, Leviticus 26:12, Isaiah 55:10-11, Jeremiah 1:4,17
- NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 1:23,28:19, Mark 1:15, 5:41, 14:36, 15:34, Luke 1:1-4, 10:29-37, 12:27-28, John 1:1 and 14, and 4: 14, 6:33, 48, 67, Acts of the Apostles 8:4-25, 1Corinthians 10:31, 11:23-26, 13:4-7, Hebrews 1:1-2

1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative):

- a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection)b. Chapter 5: The Bible: God's Living Word for Our Lives
 - God's Revelation in Scripture first came to the people of ancient Israel.
 - God's Revelation contained in Sacred Scripture was first passed on by word of mouth, or oral tradition, before it was written by the inspired sacred human authors.
 - The Catholic Church accepts seventy-three (73) books, found in the Old and New Testaments, to be the inspired Word of God.
 - God has revealed himself fully by sending his own Son, Jesus Christ.
 - Jesus Christ, the Son of God made man, is the Father's one, perfect and unsurpassable Word.
 - The Son is the Father's definitive Word; there will be no further Revelation after him.
 - Jesus entrusted his Revelation and his teachings to the Apostles.

Week 6 (15) Nov. 14 to 18

15- Saint Albert the Great
16-St. Margaret of
Scotland, queen
St. Gertrude, virgin
17-St. Elizabeth of
Hungary, Religious
18- Dedication of the
Basilicas of Sts. Peter and
Paul, apostles

- Be more aware of God's presence in particular times or events in your life.
- Articulate what is the 'good news' for you at this time;
- Reflect on the importance of words in life, leading toward an understanding of the Bible as the living Word of God.
- Recognize what the life and teachings of Jesus, the incarnate word of God, say to you for your life right now.
- Value more deeply the spiritual wisdom that God offers you in the Bible.
- Select passage of Scripture as a motto for your life.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

- OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis1:3, Leviticus 26:12, Isaiah 55:10-11, Jeremiah 1:4,17
- NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 1:23,28:19, Mark 1:15, 5:41, 14:36, 15:34, Luke 1:1-4, 10:29-37, 12:27-28, John 1:1 and 14, and 4: 14, 6:33, 48, 67, Acts of the Apostles 8:4-25, 1Corinthians 10:31, 11:23-26, 13:4-7, Hebrews 1:1-2

Week 7 (16) Nov 21- to 25

21- Solemnity of Our Lord Jesus Christ, King of the Universe 25-Saint Ignatius Delgado, Friar and Bishop Saint Vincent Liem De La Paz. Friar and Priest

1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative):

- a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection)
- b. Chapter 6: The Bible: The Blueprint for Living
 - God is the author of Sacred Scripture because he inspired its human authors.
 - The Christian faith is not a 'religion of the book'. Christianity of the religion of the 'Word' of God.

Saint Dominic Pham
Trong An Kham, Lay
Dominican
And Companions
Martyrs of Vietnam

- The Church has always venerated the divine Scriptures as she has venerated the Body of the Lord.
- The Church has always regarded Sacred Scripture, taken together with Sacred Tradition, as the supreme rule of her faith.

- Value the Bible as a source for living your life.
- Give reading the Bible a central place in your life.
- Be more conscious of how you use words and realize how your words and realize how your words can affect others.
- Be able to identify times when you have heard a 'Word of God' for you from the Bible.
- Make a greater effort to hear the Word of God in the readings at Mass.
- Value the 'Our Father' more deeply.
- Be open to receiving wisdom for your life from the Bible.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

 OLD TESTAMENT: Psalms 23:1-2, 27:1, 77:1, 138:3, Isaiah 61:1

NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 6:9-13, Luke 24:45, Acts of the Apostles 2:42, Hebrews 4:12

24- Thanksgiving Mass for Teachers25 and 28, Grade 12 Q2 Examination

Week 8 (17) Nov 28 to Dec 02

1-Pre-exam days

1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative):

- a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection)
- b. Chapter 6: The Bible: The Blueprint for Living
 - God is the author of Sacred Scripture because he inspired its human authors.

30-St. Andrew, apostle 03-St. Francis Xavier
Dec. 02 to 03, SUAO Advent Recollection

- The Christian faith is not a 'religion of the book'. Christianity of the religion of the 'Word' of God.
- The Church has always venerated the divine Scriptures as she has venerated the Body of the Lord.
- The Church has always regarded Sacred Scripture, taken together with Sacred Tradition, as the supreme rule of her faith.

- Value the Bible as a source for living your life.
- Give reading the Bible a central place in your life.
- Be more conscious of how you use words and realize how your words and realize how your words can affect others.
- Be able to identify times when you have heard a 'Word of God' for you from the Bible.
- Make a greater effort to hear the Word of God in the readings at Mass.
- Value the 'Our Father' more deeply.
- Be open to receiving wisdom for your life from the Bible.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

• OLD TESTAMENT: Psalms 23:1-2, 27:1, 77:1, 138:3, Isaiah 61:1

NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 6:9-13, Luke 24:45, Acts of the Apostles 2:42, Hebrews 4:12

28- Lighting of the First Advent Candle
Dec 2-3 SUAO Retreat

Week 9 (18)

UNIT REVIEW

Dec 5 to 8	 Preparation for the 2nd Quarter Exam
07- St. Ambrose, bishop and doctor 08 - The Immaculate Conception of the Blessed Virgin Mary and 65th DIST Foundation Day Celebrations	5- Lighting of the Second Advent Candle 5- Opening of the DIST 65 th Founding Anniversary 5-Christmas Tree lighting (4:30 pm) 6- Cheering Competition 7- Academic Day 8- DIST 65 th Founding Anniversary Feast of the Immaculate Concepcion
Week 10 (19) Dec 15 to 16 Second Quarter Exam 12- Our Lady of Guadalupe 14- St. John of the Cross, priest and doctor	15-16- Second Quarter Exam Record Day
Dec 19 to Jan 02	Christmas Break

Third QUARTER - COURSE CONTENT

Week / Date	Topic /Learning Tasks/ Assessments
Week 1 (20) Jan 3-6 04-Saint Zdislava of Lemberk, lay Dominican and Wife 04-Birthday of Sr. Zenaida/Holy Mass for teachers and staff only	 1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 7: The Bible is the Book of the Church Scripture must be read and interpreted, keeping its divine authorship in mind, because Scripture is, first and foremost, the inspired Word of God. Read and interpret Sacred Scripture within the Tradition and teaching of
	the Church.

- Give attention both to what the human authors intended to say and to what God reveals to us by their words.
- Read an interpret Sacred Scripture in the light of the same Holy Spirit by whom it was written.
- There is unity of content and teaching within the Bible; that unity is founded in the unity of God's plan, of which Jesus Christ is the center and heart.
- The task of giving authentic interpretation to the Word of God, whether in its written form or in the form of Tradition, has been entrusted to the living teaching office of the Church, the Magisterium.

- Have a greater awareness of how you interpret and, at times, misinterpret, information and situations, and how this tendency can affect your interpretation of the Scared Scripture.
- Realize that you need the guidance of the Church to interpret what the Bible means for your life.
- Value the role of Sacred Tradition and of the Magisterium in helping you to interpret the Bible for your life.
- Understand the meaning of the Parable of the Good Samaritan for your life.
- Be more likely to value the Bible as a primary source of wisdom for living your life.

	 3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith): OLD TESTAMENT: Psalms 119:105 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 5-7, 10:7-10, 16:16-19, Luke 10:25-37, 15:11-32 4: Directress Birthday and Jubilee Celebration
Week 2 (21) Jan 9-13	 WORD (Doctrine/Informative): Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) Chapter 7: The Bible is the Book of the Church Scripture must be read and interpreted, keeping its divine authorship in mind, because Scripture is, first and foremost, the inspired Word of God. Read and interpret Sacred Scripture within the Tradition and teaching of the Church. Give attention both to what the human authors intended to say and to what God reveals to us by their words. Read an interpret Sacred Scripture in the light of the same Holy Spirit by whom it was written. There is unity of content and teaching within the Bible; that unity is founded in the unity of God's plan, of which Jesus Christ is the center and heart. The task of giving authentic interpretation to the Word of God, whether in its written form or in the form of Tradition, has been entrusted to the living teaching office of the Church, the Magisterium.

	 WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative): Have a greater awareness of how you interpret and, at times, misinterpret, information and situations, and how this tendency can affect your interpretation of the Scared Scripture. Realize that you need the guidance of the Church to interpret what the Bible means for your life. Value the role of Sacred Tradition and of the Magisterium in helping you to interpret the Bible for your life.
	 Understand the meaning of the Parable of the Good Samaritan for your life. Be more likely to value the Bible as a primary source of wisdom for living your life. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith): OLD TESTAMENT: Psalms 119:105 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 5-7, 10:7-10, 16:16-19, Luke 10:25-37, 15:11-32
Week 3 (22) Jan 16-20	 1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 8: Interpreting the Word of God in the Bible • All truth comes from God, who is Truth. • One truth cannot contradict another truth. There is no conflict between religious truths and scientific historical truth. • The Church teaches us how to relate truths of faith to science.

- Truth is presented and expressed in the Bible through various forms of writing, or literary genres.
- Research by biblical scholars and the discoveries of biblical archaeology support our understanding of the Biblical texts.

- Grow in confidence in your ability to read the Bible.
- Appreciate that the Bible contains wisdom for your life.
- Come to a deeper appreciation of the layers of meaning in the biblical texts.
- Come to a fuller understanding of how Catholics should approach reading the Bible.
- Reflect on your life in the light of the parable of the Sower.
- Select a biblical passage that has special significance in your life and consider how your life would change if you were to live its message.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 1:1-2:25, Exodus 1, 3:1-12, 4:19, 20:1-6, Joshua 10:12-14, 1 Kings 3:17-27, Psalms23:1-37:30, 145:8-9, 13-16, Proverbs 10:12, 22:24 and 25, 26:20, 27:19 and 18, 29:11, Song of songs, 5:10-16, Wisdom 13:1-19, Isaiah 11:1-3, 6-9

	 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 2:13 and 20, 5:9, 14-16, 7:12, 13:31, Luke 4:4, 6:49, 8:5-15, 11:28, John 1:14, 3:16, 1Corinthians 1:18-25, Ephesians 3:18-19 19- St. Thomas Para liturgy (1st Period) 1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative):
Week 4 (23) Jan 30-Feb 3	 a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 8: Interpreting the Word of God in the Bible All truth comes from God, who is Truth. One truth cannot contradict another truth. There is no conflict between religious truths and scientific historical truth. The Church teaches us how to relate truths of faith to science. Truth is presented and expressed in the Bible through various forms of writing, or literary genres. Research by biblical scholars and the discoveries of biblical archaeology support our understanding of the Biblical texts. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative): Grow in confidence in your ability to read the Bible. Appreciate that the Bible contains wisdom for your life. Come to a deeper appreciation of the layers of meaning in the biblical texts. Come to a fuller understanding of how Catholics should approach reading the Bible.

	 Reflect on your life in the light of the parable of the Sower. Select a biblical passage that has special significance in your life and consider how your life would change if you were to live its message. 3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith): OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 1:1-2:25, Exodus 1, 3:1-12, 4:19, 20:1-6, Joshua 10:12-14, 1 Kings 3:17-27, Psalms23:1-37:30, 145:8-9, 13-16, Proverbs 10:12, 22:24 and 25, 26:20, 27:19 and 18, 29:11, Song of songs, 5:10-16, Wisdom 13:1-19, Isaiah 11:1-3, 6-9
	 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 2:13 and 20, 5:9, 14-16, 7:12, 13:31, Luke 4:4, 6:49, 8:5-15, 11:28, John 1:14, 3:16, 1Corinthians 1:18-25, Ephesians 3:18-19
Jan 23-27	Chinese New Year Break
Week 5 (24) Feb 6-10	 1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 9: The Old and New Testaments: God's Faithfulness over Time The Old Testament is the inspired word of God, which passes on God's fidelity to and dealings with humankind and, in particular, with his Chosen people, who lived prior to the coming of Jesus Christ, who is the fullness of Revelation. The Old Testament focuses on the covenant God made with the Jewish

- people, which is called the 'Old Covenant' to distinguish is from the New Covenant made by Jesus Christ.
- Catholics rely on the Greek version of the Old Testament for their Bible, while Protestants tend to rely on Hebrew version.
- The New Testament is the name given to those twenty-seven books that compose the second part of the Bible and that focus on the life and teachings of Jesus Christ and some writings of the early Church.
- The heart of the four accounts of the Gospel and the other New Testament writings, and of the preaching of the Apostles, is the historical events of the suffering, Death, Resurrection and Ascension of Jesus Christ.

- Reflect on your experience of faithfulness and of being faithful.
- Be more aware of God's faithfulness in your life.
- Allow your growing knowledge of who Jesus is to enhance your personal relationship with him.
- Be aware of the implications of God's promises in Scripture for the world today.
- Reflect on how God's promise have been fulfilled in your life.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

	 OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 8, 9:1-17, 12:1-5 and 7,17:5,7 and 21, 22:17 and, Exodus 3:12 and 15, 6:6-7, 13:14, 2 Samuel 7:12-14, Psalms 17:8, 23:4, Isaiah 2:4, 11:1-2, 29:18-19, 35:5-6, 61:1-3, Ezekiel 11:14-21, 37:1-6 NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 1:23,3:13-17, 10:21-22, 112-19, 16:16, 18:20, 28:16-20, Luke 1:1-4, 7:18-22, 22:20, 24:21, 25-27, and 44, John 1:14:18, 17:2-27, 21:24-25, Acts of the Apostles 1:8, 6:13-15, 7:60, 11:26, Hebrews 1:1-2
Week 6 (25) Feb 13-17	 1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 9: The Old and New Testaments: God's Faithfulness over Time • The Old Testament is the inspired word of God, which passes on God's fidelity to and dealings with humankind and, in particular, with his Chosen people, who lived prior to the coming of Jesus Christ, who is the fullness of Revelation. • The Old Testament focuses on the covenant God made with the Jewish people, which is called the 'Old Covenant' to distinguish is from the New Covenant made by Jesus Christ. • Catholics rely on the Greek version of the Old Testament for their Bible, while Protestants tend to rely on Hebrew version. • The New Testament is the name given to those twenty-seven books that

- compose the second part of the Bible and that focus on the life and teachings of Jesus Christ and some writings of the early Church.
- The heart of the four accounts of the Gospel and the other New Testament writings, and of the preaching of the Apostles, is the historical events of the suffering, Death, Resurrection and Ascension of Jesus Christ.

- Reflect on your experience of faithfulness and of being faithful.
- Be more aware of God's faithfulness in your life.
- Allow your growing knowledge of who Jesus is to enhance your personal relationship with him.
- Be aware of the implications of God's promises in Scripture for the world today.
- Reflect on how God's promise have been fulfilled in your life.

3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):

- OLD TESTAMENT: Genesis 8, 9:1-17, 12:1-5 and 7,17:5,7 and 21, 22:17 and, Exodus 3:12 and 15, 6:6-7, 13:14, 2
 Samuel 7:12-14, Psalms 17:8, 23:4, Isaiah 2:4, 11:1-2, 29:18-19, 35:5-6, 61:1-3, Ezekiel 11:14-21, 37:1-6
 - NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew 1:23,3:13-17, 10:21-22, 112-19, 16:16, 18:20, 28:16-20, Luke 1:1-4, 7:18-22, 22:20,

Week 7 (26) Feb 20-24	24:21, 25-27, and 44, John 1:14:18, 17:2-27, 21:24-25, Acts of the Apostles 1:8, 6:13-15, 7:60, 11:26, Hebrews 1:1- 2 13-17: Religious Studies Week PBL (Project Based Learning) 22-Ash Wednesday Mass
	27-28 Memorial Day Holiday
Week 8 (27) March 1-3	PBL (Project Based Learning)
Week 9 (28) March 6-10	Self-Assessment Student's Deportment Individual Conference Preparation for the 1st Quarter Exam Completion of the Subject's Requirements for the 1st Quarter 10 and 13 Third Quarter Exam

Fourth QUARTER – TENTATIVE COURSE CONTENT

Week / Date	Topic /Learning Tasks/ Assessments
Week 2 (30) March 20-24	1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 10: The Gospel is Good News • The Gospels occupy the central place in Scripture. • The Gospels proclaim the Good News of Jesus Christ, the Incarnate Word of God and the definitive Revelation of God. • Central to the understanding of all four written accounts of the Gospel is Jesus Christ, the incarnate Son of God, and his teachings and redeeming work. • There were at least three stages in the formation of the Gospels: the life and teaching of Jesus, the oral tradition, and the written Gospels. • The four Evangelists selected certain of the many elements that had been handed on by the Apostles and others, either orally or in written form, and under the guidance of the Holy Spirit, explained them in such a fashion that they tell us the truth about Jesus. The Gospels lead us to accept Jesus Christ in faith and to apply his teachings to our lives. c. Easter 2. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative):

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c. Easter

2. WITNESS (Valuing/Transformative):

- Understand and articulate how the Gospel is Good News for you.
- Consider the significance of Jesus for your life and how that influences your choices, now and for the future.
- Come to see more clearly why the 'life, Death, and Resurrection and Ascension' of Jesus is often called 'the greatest story ever told'.
- Respond to the presence of the risen
 Jesus in your life.
- Choose a Gospel quotation as a motto for your life and make a commitment to live according to this motto.

	 3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith): NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew, Mark, Luke, John, Acts of the Apostles, Ephesians, 1 Corinthians Philippians, Timothy April 3-7 Tomb Sweeping Day Holiday April 10-14 Easter Break/Spring Break
Week 04 (33) Apr 17-21	 WORD (Doctrine/Informative): Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) Chapter 11: Jesus and His Message in the Gospels According to Matthew, Mark, and Luke The Blessed Virgin Mary is truly the Mother of God, the Mother of Jesus, and the Incarnate Son of God. Joseph accepted and fulfilled the role of adoptive father of Christ. The Baptism of Jesus was his manifestation as the Messiah of Israel and the Son of God and of the redemptive work that he would accomplish by his Passion, Death, and Resurrection. The temptation of Jesus in the desert shows Jesus triumphing over Satan by his total adherence to the plan of Salvation willed by the Father. The Beatitudes, which are the heart of Jesus' Preaching, shed light on the actions and attitudes characteristics of the Christian life. The Kingdom of God was inaugurated on earth by Christ and will come in it

	fullness at his Second Coming at the
	end of time, when he returns in glory.
	2. WITNESS Consider how you can resist temptations in your own life, in light of what you have learned from the Gospel accounts of the temptation of Jesus.
	 Compare the values of the Beatitudes with your own attitudes and actions, and realize how the Beatitudes challenge you to live and work to build the Kingdom of God. Reflect on what you have learned for your own life from the parables and miracles stories you have read. Appreciate more fully the meaning of 'Our Father'. Decide how you will bring God's mercy, love and compassion into people's lives today.
	3. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith):
	 OLD TESTAMENT: Exodus, Isaiah NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew, Mark, Luke, John, Acts of the Apostles, Romans, Galatians, Titus, Hebrews, James
	17- Easter Mass/ Initial Sacraments
Week 05 (34) Apr 24-28	 1. WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 12: The Gospel According to John: Jesus is God's Word to the World In human life, signs and symbols
	occupy an important place. As a being

- at once body and spirit, man expresses and perceives spiritual realities through physical signs and symbols.
- Jesus Christ is the Incarnate Son of God. He is truly God and truly man.
- Jesus is the living Revelation of God and the means by which God's love can bring all people to eternal life.
- The treatment of Christ's dialogues and personal testimony in John's Gospel is more 'mystical' than the Synoptic.
- The seven "I AM" statements of Jesus reveal the identity of Jesus and his mission.
- John treats Jesus' miracles as signs of his divinity and glory.
- The miracle stories in John's Gospel reveal the saving presence of God active in the world and anticipate Jesus' great victory over Satan.
- Eternal Life is God's gift to all who believe in Jesus. The Paschal Mystery of Jesus is the Source of that life.
- **2. WITNESS** *Identify* and appreciate the power of symbols to uncover the deeper meaning of reality.
- Reflect on your own belief in Jesus, the Incarnate Son of God the Messiah, and how that faith impacts your life.
- Appreciate how humanity of Jesus, who is true God and true man, fully divine and fully human, can help you

	 in your efforts to live as a disciple of Jesus. Recognize people in your family and neighborhood who make significant sacrifices for others. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith): OLD TESTAMENT: Exodus, Leviticus NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew, mark, Luke, John
Week 6 (35) May 1-5	 WORD (Doctrine/Informative): a. Lectio Divina (Gospel Reflection) b. Chapter 12: The Gospel According to John: Jesus is God's Word to the World In human life, signs and symbols occupy an important place. As a being at once body and spirit, man expresses and perceives spiritual realities through physical signs and symbols. Jesus Christ is the Incarnate Son of God. He is truly God and truly man. Jesus is the living Revelation of God and the means by which God's love can bring all people to eternal life. The treatment of Christ's dialogues and personal testimony in John's Gospel is more 'mystical' than the Synoptic. The seven "I AM" statements of Jesus reveal the identity of Jesus and his mission. John treats Jesus' miracles as signs of his divinity and glory.

	 The miracle stories in John's Gospel reveal the saving presence of God active in the world and anticipate Jesus' great victory over Satan. Eternal Life is God's gift to all who believe in Jesus. The Paschal Mystery of Jesus is the Source of that life. 2. WITNESS Identify and appreciate the power of symbols to uncover the deeper meaning of reality. Reflect on your own belief in Jesus, the Incarnate Son of God the Messiah, and how that faith impacts your life. Appreciate how humanity of Jesus, who is true God and true man, fully divine and fully human, can help you in your efforts to live as a disciple of Jesus. Recognize people in your family and neighborhood who make significant sacrifices for others. WORSHIP (Prayers and Celebration of Faith): OLD TESTAMENT: Exodus, Leviticus NEW TESTAMENT: Matthew, mark, Luke, John
Week 07 (36) May 8-12	Unit Review Deportment Self-Assessment 4 th Quarter Reflection
Week 08 (37) May 15-19	18 & 19 Q4 Exams Undergraduate
Week 09 (38)	23- Baccalaureate Mass

May 22- 26	
Week 10 (39) May 29-June 2	CULMINATING ACTIVITIES 2-Year-End Mass

St. Dominic and St. Thomas Aquinas, Pray for us!